



# HAMBOORG.CITY

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## Standesamt — Marriage, Birth Certificate and Name Change

Marriage registration with Ehefähigkeitszeugnis (€40-100), birth notification within 7 days, and name changes.

**Deutsche Begriffe:** Standesamt | Eheschließung | Ehefähigkeitszeugnis | Geburtsurkunde | Namensänderung | Heiratsurkunde

### Marriage in Germany — Step by Step

Marriage in Germany is only legally valid at the **Standesamt** — church or religious ceremonies have no legal effect.

#### Prerequisites

- Both partners must be **at least 18 years old**
- No existing marriage (present divorce decree)
- **Ehefähigkeitszeugnis** — foreign nationals need this document from their home country. It confirms that there are no obstacles to marriage. Some countries do not issue such a certificate — in that case, the **appellate court** decides on an exemption.

#### Required Documents

- Valid passport or ID card
- Extended registration certificate (not older than 4 weeks)
- Birth certificate (certified and translated by a sworn translator)
- Ehefähigkeitszeugnis or exemption decision
- If applicable, divorce decree or death certificate of former spouse

## Costs

Service	Fee
Marriage registration	<b>€40-100</b>
Marriage ceremony (standard time)	included in price
Saturday wedding	<b>€50-100 surcharge</b>
Marriage certificate	<b>€12 per copy</b>

## Process

- 1. Registration** at the Standesamt of your place of residence (6 months to 6 weeks in advance)
- 2. Review** of documents by the Standesamt (duration: 2-6 weeks)
- 3. Schedule** an appointment for the marriage ceremony
- 4. Wedding** before the registrar with at least 2 witnesses

## Birth Registration — Deadline 7 Days

After a child is born in Germany, the birth must be registered **within 7 days** at the responsible Standesamt. The responsible office is the Standesamt of the **place of birth** (not place of residence).

## Required Documents

- Birth certificate from the clinic
- ID cards/passports of both parents
- Marriage certificate (for married parents)
- Paternity recognition (for unmarried parents, preferably before birth)
- Birth certificates of both parents

## The Child Receives:

- A **German birth certificate** (regardless of parents' nationality)
- Automatically a **tax identification number** after registration

## Name Change

Name changes in Germany are only possible in **exceptional cases**:

- **After marriage:** Shared marital name, double name, or retention of own names
- **After divorce:** Return to birth name
- **Public law change:** Only for "important reason" (e.g., offensive name, gender transition)

The application for name change after marriage is free and is determined directly during the marriage ceremony. A subsequent change costs **€25-100** and requires an application at the Standesamt.